MODEL FOR PROTECTION – LAKE GEORGE SALT INITIATIVE



Lake Champlain Watershed Deicing Conference September 29, 2017 Chris Navitsky, P.E. – Lake George Waterkeeper

AGENDA

- Science
- S.A.V.E. Lake George Partnership
- Solution
- Best Practices
- Looking Forward







SCIENCE

The State of the Lake: Thirty Years of Water Quality Monitoring on Lake George

EPER

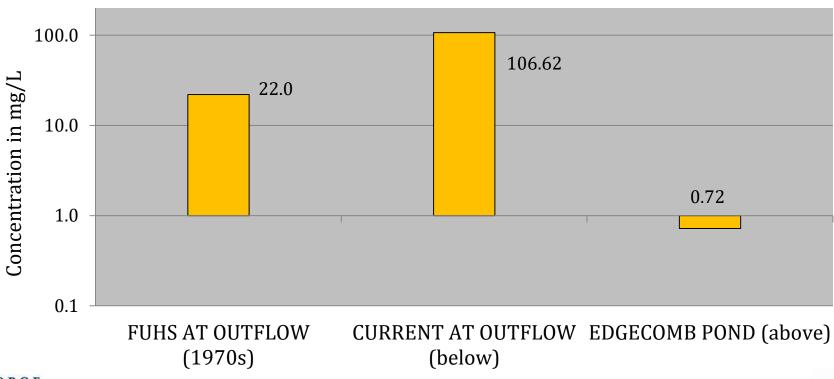
Lake George, New York, 1980 - 2009

Charles Boylen, Lawrence Eichler, Mark Swinton, Sandra Nierzwicki-Bauer, Imad Hannoun and Jeffrey Short

THE FUN

SCIENCE

Finkle Brook Watershed (1970-2016) Increase in Base-flow Chloride Concentration







THREATS

- Chloride levels <u>increase up to 150X</u> downstream from upstream
- Chloride levels in streams have increased up to 5X since 1970s
- Average Chloride levels in streams are up to 7X lake levels





S.A.V.E.LAKE GEORGE PARTNERSHIP





















SOLUTIONS

(Final Draft 4-21-15)

- AGREE TO intend to reduce salt applications
- AGREE TO investigate and consider equipment
- AGREE TO collect data with consistent methods
- AGREE TO assess and tailor application rates
- AGREE TO establish education and training
- AGREE TO participate in annual "Salt Summit"





SOLUTIONS

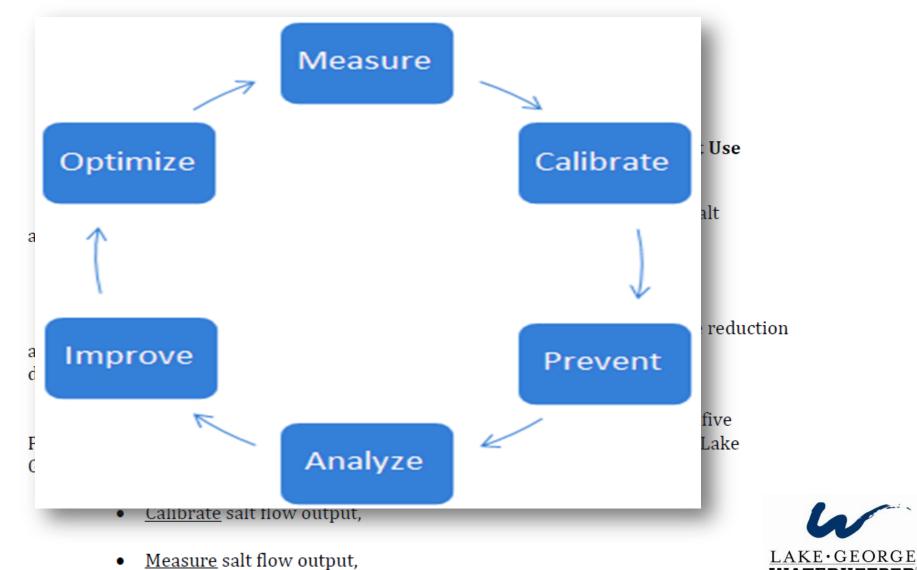






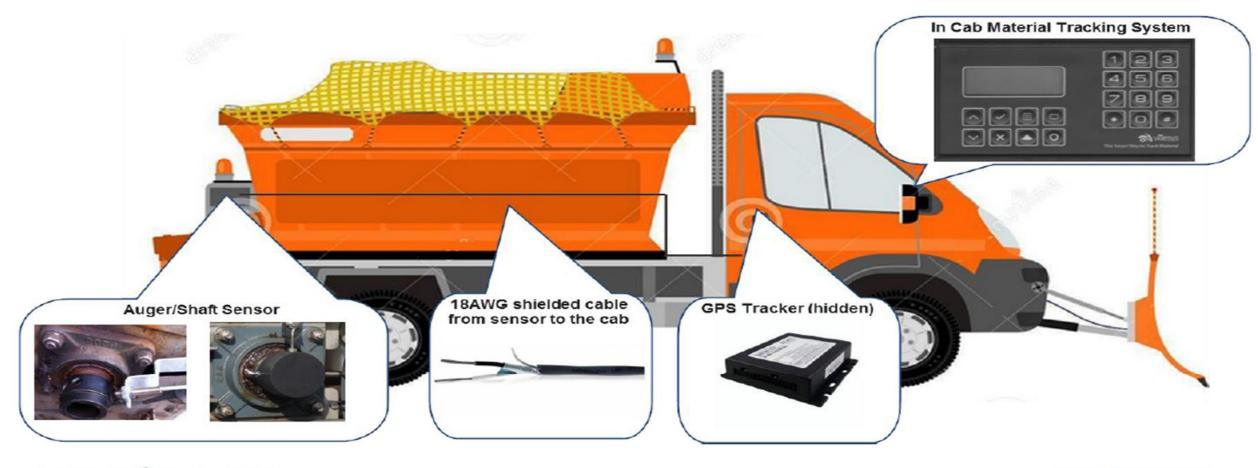
SOLUTIONS

THE FUND OF LAKE GEORGE



WATERKEEPER

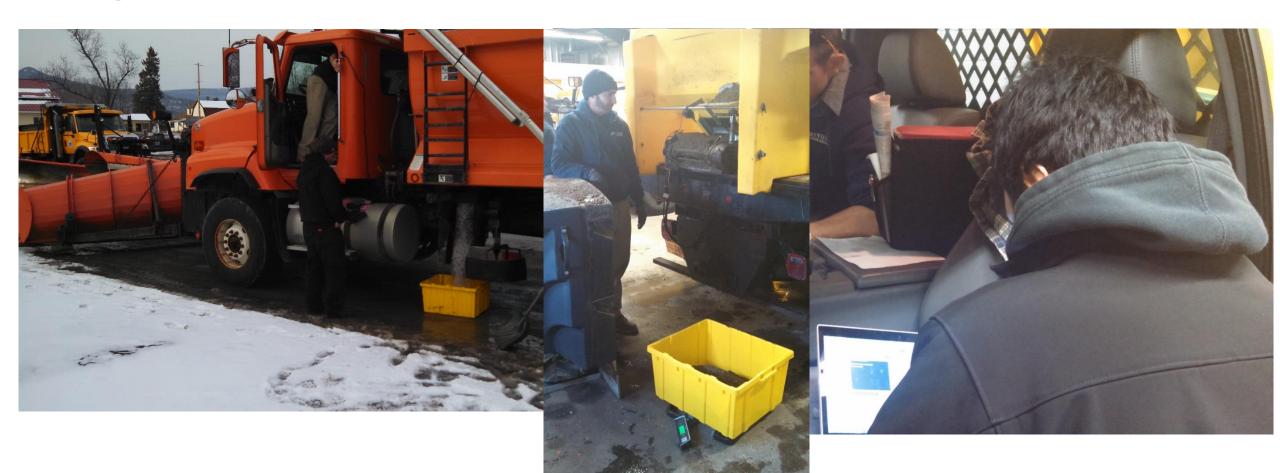
MEASURE







CALIBRATE







PREVENT







PREVENT







ANALYZE







OPTIMIZE

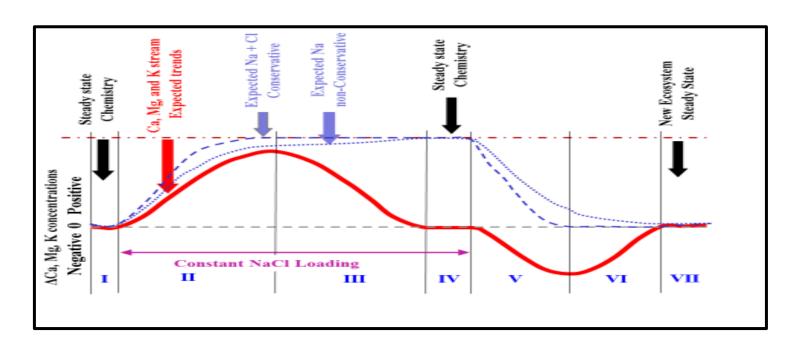








FUTURE PROJECTION MODEL



Modeling suggests that a sustained 50% reduction of salt loading would reduce chloride concentration in Lake George to 10 mg/L in approximately 25 years according to recent Sutherland/Norton study.





MOVING FORWARD

- Expand data collection
- Verify Level of Service
- Expand anti-icing pilot program
- Verify reduction in salt use







